

TRIANGLE'S INTERIOR ANGLE SUM

- 1. a. First, Create a random triangle on a piece of patty papers.
 - b. Using your pencil, write a number inside each interior angle a label.



- Next, cut out the triangle. c. d. Finally, tear off or cut each of the angles from the triangle e. Using tape, carefully put all 3 angles next to one another so that they all have the same vertex and the edges are touching but they aren't overlapping Paste or Tape your 3 vertices here: Common Vertex
- 2. What is the measure of a straight angle or the angle that creates a line by using two opposite rays from a common vertex?
- 3. Collectively does the sum of your 3 interior angles of a triangle form a straight angle? What about others in your class?
- 4. Make a conjecture about the sum of the interior angles of a triangle. Do you think your conjecture will always be true? (please explain using complete sentences)

5. More formally, why do the 3 interior angles of any triangle sum to 180°?



Consider $\triangle ABC$. The segment \overline{AB} is extended into a line and a parallel line is constructed through the opposite vertex. So, $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$.

- a. Why is $\measuredangle 1 \cong \measuredangle 2$?_____
- b. Why is $45 \cong 44$?_____
- c. Why is $m \measuredangle 2 + m \measuredangle 3 + m \measuredangle 4 = 180^{\circ}$?______
- d. Using substitution we can replace $m \neq 2$ with $m \neq 1$ and $m \neq 4$ with $m \neq 5$ to show that the interior angles of a triangle must always sum to 180°.

 $() + m \measuredangle 3 + () = 180^{\circ}$

Write the angle number in the _____ and then write the letter that corresponds with the number based on the code at the bottom in the box.

- 7. Angle 2 and Angle _____are alternate exterior angles.
- 8. Angle 7 and Angle _____ are alternate exterior angles.
- 9. Angle 4 and Angle <u>are corresponding angles</u>.
- 10. Angle 5 and Angle_____are consecutive interior angles.
- 11. Angle 3 and Angle____are alternate interior angles.
- 12. Angle 7 and Angle_____are consecutive exterior angles.
- 13. Angle 6 and Angle_____are vertical angles.



- 14. Angle 2 and Angle____lare a linear pair and on the same side of the transversal.
- 15. Angle 1 and Angle____are corresponding angles.

1=D 2=U 3=L 4=A 5=N 6=I 7=E 8=C

What type of Geometry is this?_____

16. Given lines p and q are parallel, find the value of *x* that makes each diagram true.



17. Given lines p and q are parallel, find the value of *x* that makes each diagram true.



18. Given lines m and n are parallel, find the value y of that makes each diagram true.

b.









19. ANGLE PUZZLE. Find $m \not \triangleleft AEF$



20. Converse of AIA, AEA, CIA, CEA. Which sets of lines are parallel and explain why?





